

# STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

# **BUILDING APPROVAL SOLUTIONS - 2024**

8 Chauvel Avenue, Milperra NSW 2214 –Alterations and re-location of an unauthorised domestic shed and continued use of as-built bathroom

Lot 30 DP235637

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### 1.0 Introduction

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) is submitted to <u>City of Canterbury-Bankstown Council</u> as part of a Development Application (DA) for **proposed storage shed and continued use of as-built** <u>**bathroom**</u>. This SEE describes the site, its environs and the proposed development, provides an assessment of the proposal in terms of the matters for consideration under Section 4.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act*). Within this report, references to "the site" mean the land to which this DA relates.

#### 1.1 SUBJECT SITE

The site of the proposed works is at 8 Chauvel Avenue, Milperra and can be legally identified as Lot 30 in DP 235637.

#### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED & HISTORY

The DA seeks development consent for relocation of an unauthorised erection of a storage shed and associated works to meet the storage needs of the occupants, and continued use of as-built bathroom.

It is proposed that internal walls be removed to regularise the layout of the subject shed which is currently located over a registered easement. The subject proposal seeks to situate the shed in a more appropriate location on the site to maintain the terms of the easement and protect neighbourhood amenity.

An existing exempt garden shed is also proposed for removal, not requiring approval for removal.

Note: This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the submitted Plans set.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE STATUTORY & NON-STATUTORY PLANS/POLICIES

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022windows

Canterbury- Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023

Canterbury- Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023

### 2.0 Site Analysis

#### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SUBJECT SITE

The legal description of the site is Lot 30 in DP 235637 and is commonly known as 8 Chauvel Avenue, Milperra. (see FIGURE 1 below).

The site has an area of 557.4sqm by calculation and a frontage of 15.24m to Chauvel Avenue. The site is located on the southern side of Chauvel Avenue and has a slight fall of approximately 660mm from front to rear. Situated on the site is a single storey dwelling house of brick finish, an attached carport and garage along the eastern side boundary of the site. The subject outbuilding is located in the rear yard adjacent the western side boundary. The site features consolidated lawn areas in the front yard and rear yard. 2x small garden are also located at the rear of the site. There are no site trees.



FIGURE 1 (Source: Nearmap, Accessed 08.05.2024)

#### 2.2 ADJOINING LAND USE & LOCALITY CHARACTER

The land is located within a R2 Low Density Residential zone. Adjoining developments to the site are a 2-storey semi-detached dwelling to the west, a 2-storey dwelling house to the east and a single storey dwelling to the south with frontage to Prescot Parade. The immediate locality is characterised by low density residential developments of different architectural styles and finishes consistent with its zoning. The South-Western Motorway (M5) is located approximately 130m south of the site. Figure 2 below.



FIGURE 2 (Source: Nearmap, Accessed 08.05.2024)

#### 2.3 ZONING

#### Zoning Map

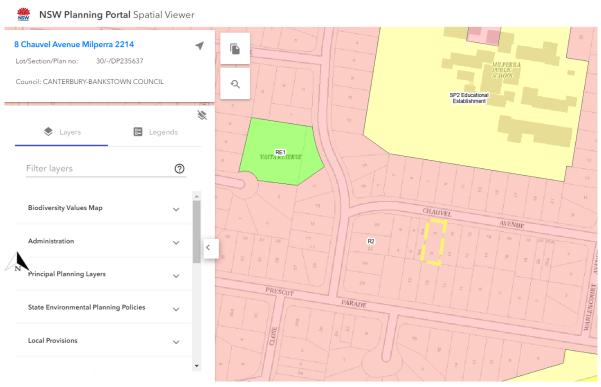


FIGURE 3: (NSW Planning Portal Spatial Viewer. Accessed 08.05.2024)

The subject site is zoned **<u>R2 Low Density Residential</u>**. The proposed works are permissible under this zoning and consistent with the objectives of the zone.

#### **CANTERBURY-BANKSTOWN LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2023**

#### Zone R2- Low Density Residential

#### **Objectives of zone**

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To allow for certain non-residential uses that are compatible with residential uses and do not adversely affect the living environment or amenity of the area.
- To ensure suitable landscaping in the low density residential environment.
- To minimise and manage traffic and parking impacts.

- To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.
- To promote a high standard of urban design and local amenity.

#### 2 Permitted without consent

Home occupations

#### **3 Permitted with consent**

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Car parks; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Early education and care facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home businesses; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Semi-detached dwellings; Tank-based aquaculture

#### **4** Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

### 3.0 Matters for Consideration

This chapter contains the assessment of the environmental effects of the proposed development as required under *Section 4.15 of the EP & A Act 1979*. In determining a development application, the consent authority has to take into account a range of matters relevant to the development including the provisions of environmental planning instruments, impacts to the built and natural environment, social and economic impacts of the development; the suitability of the site; and whether the public interest would be served by the development.

These matters for consideration are further discussed in the ensuing sections.

#### 3.1 RELEVANT STRATEGIC AND STATUTORY PLANS AND POLICIES

#### Summary of compliance

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

#### Chapter 4 Remediation of land

Section 4.16 (1) of the SEPP requires the consent authority not consent to the carrying out of any development on land unless:

"(a) it has considered whether the land is contaminated, and

(b) if the land is contaminated, it is satisfied that the land is suitable in its contaminated state (or will be suitable, after remediation) for the purpose for which the development is proposed to be carried out, and

(c) if the land requires remediation to be made suitable for the purpose for which the development is proposed to be carried out, it is satisfied that the land will be remediated before the land is used for that purpose."

In considering the above, there is no evidence of contamination on the site.

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

#### Chapter 2 Vegetation in non-rural areas

This chapter of the SEPP concerns protection/removal of vegetation and gives effect to the local tree preservation provisions of Council's DCP.

The application does not seek any vegetation removal from within the site or on neighboring land. Overall, the proposal is considered acceptable having regard to this chapter of the SEPP.

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

The proposal is not categorised as Basix development as per the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021. As such, a BASIX certificate is not required. Notwithstanding, the development will remain efficient in terms of thermal, water and energy, given existing arrangements on the site.

COMPLIANCE TABLE			
Requirements	Comment	Compliance	
Part 2 Permitted or prohibited development			
2.1 Zone R2 Low Density Residential	Dwelling House means a building containing only one dwelling. The proposed shed constitutes an ancillary structure to a dwelling house	Yes	
2.3 – Zone Objectives	The development meets the objectives of the zone.	Yes	
2.7 Demolition requires development consent	Demolition works to be carried out as part of the subject development.	n/a Existing exempt garden shed to be removed does not require approval for removal	
Part 4 Principal development standards			
4.3 Height of buildings	The maximum height of building applicable to the site is 8.5m. The subject shed achieves a maximum height of 2.81m.	Yes	
4.4 Floor Space Ratio	The maximum floor space ratio applicable to the site is 0.5:1.	Yes	

#### Table 1.1 - Compliance with Canterbury- Bankstown Environmental Plan 2023

Part 6 Local Provisions	The proposed shed has an internal floor area of 36sqm. As per the Standard Instrument definition of FSR, total FSR will be a sum of the internal areas of the dwelling house (125sqm + subject shed(36sqm) + small garden shed (5sqm) 0.30:1(166sqm)	
6.2 Earthworks	The earthworks associated with the subject works are minor in nature and is unlikely to have a detrimental impact on environmental functions and processes, existing drainage patterns, or soil stability	Yes
6.3 Stormwater Management and water sensitive urban design	The proposal can be conditioned to ensure compliance with the provisions of this Clause and to meet Council's stormwater policy	Yes

 Table 1.2 - Compliance with Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023

Requirements	Comments/Proposed	Compliance		
Chapter 5 Residential Accommodation (	Chapter 5 Residential Accommodation (5.1 Former Bankstown LGA)			
Section 2 – Dwelling Houses				
Private Open Space				
2.10 Dwelling houses must provide a minimum 80sqm of private open space behind the front building line. This may be in the form of a single area or a sum of areas provided the minimum width of each area is 5 metres throughout.	A consolidated area of approximately 100sqm will be maintained as private open space in the rear yard of the site.	Yes		
Landscape				
2.28 Development must retain and protect any significant trees on the site and adjoining sites.	The proposed outbuilding would not result in any loss of trees on the subject site or trees on adjoining sites.	Yes		
2.29 Development must landscape the following areas on the site by way of trees and shrubs with preference given to	The proposal would not result in any net loss of front yard landscaping.	Yes		

native vegetation endemic to Canterbury-		
Bankstown		
(a) a minimum 45% of the area between		
the dwelling house and the primary		
street frontage		
Section 12- Ancillary development (out	buildings)	
Restrictions		
12.1 Council allows a maximum of one	The subject outbuilding would	Yes
outbuilding on a site.	be the main outbuilding on the	
	site, noting that the rear garden	
	shed which is approximately	
	5sqm in area is generally	
	satisfactory with the Exempt	
	Development Codes, and to be	
	removed.	
	Note: The existing carport and	
	garage are attached to the	
	dwelling house.	
12.2 The outbuilding must be established	The outbuilding is established in	Yes
in conjunction with the principal	conjunction with the principal	
dwelling on the same site and must	dwelling to be used as a shed.	
ensure that:	5	
	It is separate from the principal	
(a) it is separate from the principal	dwelling.	
dwelling and any secondary dwelling on	5	
the same site, and	It is not proposed for use as	
	separate dwelling	
(b) it is not used as a separate dwelling,	1 0	
and	The outbuilding contains a toilet	
unu	facility to enable its use a	
(c) it does not contain cooking facilities,	storage shed.	
toilet and shower, and		
	The proposed layout of the	
(d) it does not function on oan he adouted	outbuilding as satisfactory as it	
(d) it does not function or can be adapted	does not function or make it	
to function for industrial purposes	adaptable for industrial	
	purposes.	
Site Cover		
12.3 The maximum site cover of the	The subject outbuilding achieves	Yes
outbuilding is:	a site cover of 45sqm	
	*	
(b) 45sqm where the site is 300sqm to		
600sqm in area		
12.4 The outbuilding must not result in	The site maintains the minimum	Yes
the principal dwelling on the site having	required landscaped area as	
less than the required landscaped area	discussed under Section 2 –	
and private open space	Dwelling House	
Height		
nongint		

12.5 The storey limit for the outbuilding is single storey. An attic or basement is	The proposed outbuilding maintains a single storey form	Yes
not permitted in the outbuilding	and no attics or basements are	
	incorporated into the design.	
12.6 The maximum building height for	The subject outbuilding achieves	Yes
the outbuilding is 4.5 metres above ground level (existing).	a maximum height of 2.81m	
12.7 The siting of the outbuilding and	The location of the structure is	Yes
landscape works must be compatible	considered compatible with the	100
with the existing slope and contours of	existing landscaping conditions	
the site and any adjoining sites.	and site slope.	
Council does not allow any development that involves elevated platforms on columns; or excessive or unnecessary	Whilst the outbuilding (shed) incorporates piers, the elevation achieves a maximum finished	
terracing, rock excavation, retaining	floor level height of 350mm to	
walls or reclamation	the southern rear boundary. Noting that the outbuilding will	
	be located 3.71m from the rear	
	boundary and 1.1m from the side boundary.	
	Given the proposed use of the	
	outbuilding, height of the	
	existing side boundary fence	
	(western boundary) which is 1.8m in height, there are no	
	unreasonable visual amenity	
	impacts expected from the	
Street setbacks	development.	
12.8 The outbuilding must locate behind	The outbuilding is located	Yes
the front building line.	behind the front building line (rear yard).	
12.9 The minimum setback to the side	A minimum side setback of 1.1m	Yes
and rear boundaries of the site is:	is provided for the outbuilding to the western side boundary.	
(a) zero setback for carports or masonry	···· ,	
walls that do not contain windows, eaves		
and gutters provided the structures comply with the National Construction		
Code; or		
(b) 0.45 metre for non-masonry		
walls that do not contain windows,		
eaves and		
gutters; or		
(c) 0.9 metre for walls with windows.		
12.10 The minimum setback to a	The setbacks between the	Yes
dwelling, building, roof, awning, balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace, verandah,	outbuilding and all other	

carport, garage and the like on the same site is 1.8 metres.	structures on the site are greater than 1.8m	
Building design		
12.11 The maximum roof pitch for the outbuilding is 25 degrees	The roof pitch proposed for the outbuilding is 20 degrees.	Yes
Council does not allow the outbuilding to have roof-top balconies and the like.	No roof top balconies or the like are incorporated into the design	Yes
Landscape		
12.13 Development must retain and protect any significant trees on the site and adjoining sites.	The proposed outbuilding would not result in the loss of any trees.	Yes

#### 3.2 CONTEXT AND SETTING

The subject works is envisaged to impart no adverse impacts in this regard. It complements the existing and envisaged development patterns and imparts negligible effects on the locality character. The proposal will act to enhance the socio-economic values of the locality whilst assisting the continued viability of the subject site by enabling responsible development thereof.

#### 3.3 ACCESS TRAFFIC & UTILITIES

The subject site and works are not envisaged to impart any notable impacts on traffic conditions for the locality and will utilise existing access provisions. All required utilities are provided to the site and the proposed is again envisaged to impart negligible impacts or increased strain on these services.

#### 3.4 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

Environmental constraints have been identified and mitigated on the subject site as discussed below, although there are no adverse effects are envisaged in this regard.

#### 3.5 FLORA AND FAUNA IMPACTS

No significant ecological communities of species have been identified on the subject site and minimal disturbance to any existing flora or fauna is envisaged.

#### 3.6 NATURAL & TECHNOLOGICAL HAZARDS

A preliminary assessment of the available information has not identified any such hazards on the site.

#### 3.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT

All construction waste is to be appropriately removed from site as per the submitted waste management plan. Ongoing waste generated through occupation of the site is to be disposed of as per council's waste management regulations and services.

#### 3.8 SOCIAL & ECONOMIC IMPACTS

The proposed development will result in beneficial social and economic effects being imparted not only on the site but also on the surrounding locality.

#### 3.9 ACOUSTIC IMPACTS

It is anticipated that nil to negligible adverse impacts will be incurred pertaining to noise levels at the site locality. The proposed development does not envisage any adverse acoustic impacts as a result of the proposal obtaining consent.

#### 3.10 HERITAGE IMPACTS

Consideration to the sites historical and archeological aspects are non-applicable in this regard. The subject site has no such aspects associated with it as outlined in the Section 10.7 certificate produced by council and no indicatory features have been identified to warrant further consideration.

#### 3.11 PUBLIC INTEREST

The scope of the proposed is arguably not significant enough to engage public interest considerations. With that said the proposed is envisaged to impart enhanced socio-economic amenity to the immediate locality. Support for the proposed is deemed to be in the public interest through the continuation of viable development in the area, allowing adaptation to the transforming fabric of development inherent to built form frameworks.

### 4.0 CONCLUSION

### 4.0 Conclusion

The Statement of Environmental Effects is submitted to City of Canterbury- Bankstown Council in the belief that the works itemised below be approved.

- relocation of an unauthorised erection of a storage shed and associated works to meet the storage needs of the occupants &
- continued use of as-built bathroom

The development is permissible under the zoning as specified in the relevant planning instruments and successfully achieves the desired objectives of thereof. At all stages the development appears compliant with the performance criteria specified. Specifically, the works have been assessed against the Canterbury- Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023 and Canterbury- Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023.

The proposed development, if approved, will form an exemplary figure in the area for holistic and thorough application of planning principles implemented through consideration and application of council's development controls. Support for such development is imperative in the continued viability of the areas existing landscape.